Please note that these instructions for referencing images are primarily aimed at students doing assignments at Curtin University. They are not intended for publishing using the Chicago 17th Referencing style or for public use; in which case written permission for print and electronic re-use of images must be obtained. More information on copyright is available here.

**Tables** are numerical values or text displayed in rows and columns.

**Figures** are any type of illustration (chart, graph, photograph, drawing, map ...) other than a table.

If you are reproducing a table or figure you can either copy or adapt it.

**Tables**

Tables are numerical values or text displayed in rows and columns. For tables:

- Place a table number and title **above** the table.
- Place a caption **below** the table, preceded by the word **Source** or **Sources** (in italics). Your citation should inform your reader whether you have adapted or reproduced the table from your original source and the page number where you found the table or data.
- Every table should be cited in the text. Note that the word table is lowercased in text references.
- Provide a reference to the source of the table (where you found it) in your reference list.

**Caption for a table:**

Table 1: Correlation values between rainfall station and five climate variables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ps_v</th>
<th>rsc0</th>
<th>p_f</th>
<th>shem</th>
<th>ps_e</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IBT</td>
<td>0.13</td>
<td>0.13</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KT</td>
<td>-0.01</td>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>0.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.16</td>
<td>0.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTP</td>
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<td>0.12</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.14</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SL</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>0.19</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** Table reproduced from Tukimat and Harun (2015, 654).

**Reference list entry for a table:**

The reference list entry follows the format of the particular reference type for where you found your table. The table above was sourced from a journal article, so we would follow the format for a journal article reference:


Figures

Figures are any type of illustration (chart, graph, photograph, drawing, map...) other than a table.

Reproducing figures (e.g. charts and graphs)

- Place a figure number and title below the figure.
- Place a caption below the figure, preceded by the word Source or Sources (in italics).
- Provide a reference below the source of the table (where you found it) in your reference list.
- Every figure should be cited in the text. Note that the word figure is lowercased in text references (as shown in the example text below).

Example for a figure:

Example text:

Climate change is a growing issue in the Malaysian state of Kedah. As illustrated in figure 1, simulation results show that annual temperatures in the state capital of Alor Setat are expected to increase in the coming decades.

![Graph of temperature trend](image)

Figure 1: Simulated and projected (years 2040-2069) temperature trend at Alor Setar meteorological station

Source: Figure reproduced from Tukimat and Harun (2015, 653).

Reference list entry:

The figure above was sourced from a journal article, so we would follow the format for a journal article reference:

Reproducing Photographs and Images

For photographs and images you need to provide more information than for other types of figures. For photographs and other images you must provide full reference details below the picture in the form of a caption. A reference to the source of that image (where you found it) is also provided in your reference list.

*Caption for a photograph or other image:*

Let’s look at captions first, using the image below as a guide. What information is required?

![Image](image-url)


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Figure Number</th>
<th>Image Creator</th>
<th><em>Image title</em></th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>Reproduced from: Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Your image caption will always appear directly beneath the picture, with the formatting matching that which is shown above.

*Reference list entry for a photograph or other image:*

Your reference list entry will follow the format of the particular reference type for where you found your image.

The image above was sourced from a webpage, so when creating a reference list entry we would follow the format for a webpage reference:


A table is provided at the end of this document, providing guidelines on how to reference images from different sources.
What to do when some elements of the reference are missing:

**Image with no title:**
Some images that you find online may not provide title information, so for your caption you will need to create a short descriptive title. This title should be enclosed in square brackets so your reader can easily recognise that it is not an official title.

![Image with no title](image)

Figure 3: Conordesign, [A Sleepy cat]. 2017, Digital Image. Reproduced from: Pixabay.

**Reference List entry for an image with no title (retrieved from a webpage):**

**Image with no creator:**
If no creator is provided for the image, use the title in place of the creator’s name.

![Image with no creator](image)

Figure 1: Teal and brown hummingbird flying. 2011, Digital Image. Reproduced from: Pixabay

**Reference List entry for an image with no creator (retrieved from a webpage):**

**Image with no date:**

**Caption:**

**Reference list entry for an image with no date (retrieved from a newspaper article):**
Reproducing Works of Art

For works of art you need to include even more information in the caption than for other types of photographs and images. For a work of art, it is customary to include the following:

- Name of the creator or artist;
- Title of the work (in italics);
- Year the work was created;
- Medium (oil on canvas, sculpture, pencil drawing etc.);
- Dimensions (if available); and,
- Details of where it is housed.

**Example - Work of art from a webpage:**

![Figure 4: Jonas Wood, Matisse Pot 1. 2014, Gouache and coloured pencil on paper, 43.2 × 50.8 cm. The Museum of Modern Art, New York, NY. Reproduced from MoMA website.](image)

Reference List entry for a work of art (retrieved from a webpage):


**Example - Work of art from a database:**

![Figure 3: Charles Demuth, Seven plums in a Chinese bowl. 1923, Watercolor and graphite on ivory wove watercolor paper, 25.4 x 35.6 cm. Terra Foundation for American Art, Daniel J. Terra Collection. Reproduced from: ARTstor.](image)

Reference List entry for a work of art (retrieved from a database, treated as a webpage):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Image from a webpage</th>
<th>Include under the image:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Figure 2: Jim Bendon, <em>Galah 2</em>. 2014, Digital Image. Reproduced from: Flickr</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Include in the reference list:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Image from a journal article</th>
<th>Include under the image:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Include in the reference list:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Image from a book</th>
<th>Include under the image:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Include in the reference list:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Image from a newspaper article</th>
<th>Include under the image:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Include in the reference list: